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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT & TRADEMARK OFFICE PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Mail Stop Non Fee Amendment COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

Transmitted herewith is a PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT for the patent application:

Application No.

10/697,225

Applicant(s)

Mary Elizabeth Davis et al.

Filed

30 October 2003

Title

Disposable Absorbent Article Having a Visibly Highlighted

Wetness Sensation Member

TC/A.U.

3761

Examiner

Conf. No.

9781

Docket No.

9396

Customer No.

27752

- [X] No additional fees (claims fees or extension fees) are known to be required.
- The fee has been calculated as shown below:

OTHER THAN A

	(Col. 1)		(Col. 2)	(Col. 3)	SMALL ENTITY	
	CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		HIGHEST NO. PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	PRESENT EXTRA*	RATE	FEE
TOTAL	* 20	MINUS	** 20	= 0	x \$18 =	\$0.00
INDEP.	* 6	MINUS	*** 6	= 0	x \$86 =	\$0.00
FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEP. CLAIM					+ \$290 =	\$0.00
					TOTAL	\$0.00

- If the entry in Col. 1 is less than the entry in Col. 2, write "0" in Col. 3.
- If the highest number of total claims previously paid for is less than 20, write "20" in this space.
- *** If the highest number of independent claims previously paid for is less than 3, write "3" in this space.

The "Highest Number Previously Paid For" (Total or Independent) is the highest number found from the equivalent box in Col. 1 of a prior amendment or the number of claims originally filed.

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 - Any patent application processing fees under 37 CFR §1.16. a. [x]
 - b. [x]Any patent application processing fees under 37 CFR §1.17.
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Michael P. Hayden Registration No. 48,433

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Date: 15 April 2004 Customer No. 27752 (9396.Transamd.doc)

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Art Unit:

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Title: Disposable Absorbent Article Having a Visibly Highlighted Wetness Sensation Member

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Commissioner for Patents

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Please enter the following amendments to the subject Application.

Amendments to the description begin on page 2 of this paper.

Amendments to the claims begin on page 4 of this paper.

Amendments to the drawing figures are described on page 10 of this paper and are shown on the attached replacement drawing sheets 4/9 and 8/9.

Remarks begin on page 11 of this paper.

Application No. 10/697,225
Preliminary Amendment dated 15 April 2004

AMENDMENTS TO THE DESCRIPTION

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 12 at line 6 of the application as originally filed with the following rewritten paragraph.

It is important to note that the visible highlighting of the present invention serves to visibly differentiate the wetness sensation member, which is located between the wearer's body and the absorbent core. Thus, rather than being structurally disposed in such a way as to provide a wetness indication that is visible from the outside of the absorbent article, any wetness indicating compositions used for the visible highlighting of the wetness sensation member must be visible from the body-facing surface of the absorbent article. This different disposition enables the caregiver to apply different techniques to the task of urinary toilet training when using an absorbent article of the present invention, as compared to using an absorbent article having only a wetness indicator visible from the outside of the article. For example, while the change in an exterior wetness indicator is visible for all to see, any change in the visible highlighting of an interior wetness sensation member remains "private" until either the caregiver or the wearer peers into the absorbent article or it is removed. Therefore, whether or not any wetting of the absorbent article has occurred can, itself, become the focus of a playful activity resembling a game, with the "secret" being revealed only when the caregiver and the wearer agree to conclude the game. If the wearer has successfully maintained control of his or her urination and has not wet into the absorbent article, this fact can become a source of pride at the accomplishment and can be "proven" by the wearer by pointing out to the caregiver that the visible highlighting has not changed in appearance. On the other hand, if the wearer notices a sensation of wetness or merely desires to check the condition of the "private" indication, he or she can simply look inside the absorbent article. If the appearance of the visible highlighting has changed, the wearer can then choose to bring this to the attention of the caregiver in the context of asking to go to the bathroom. In addition, because the visible highlighting serves as a "private" indication, the wearer might be able to detect a change in its appearance before the appearance of any externally visible wetness indicator changes and thereby be the first person to mention the subject of going to the toilet, i.e., the wearer may be enabled to visually detect the wetting of the absorbent article prior to the time at which the caregiver could detect the same condition be by visual reference to the externally visible wetness indicator. Furthermore, the provision of both visual and tactile sensations to the wearer may serve to reinforce the tactile sensation of wetness and thereby enhance the training effect of the wetness sensation member. An absorbent article in which the wetting is indicated by both a wetness sensation and a visible change in the appearance of the visible highlighting may thus facilitate faster learning on the part of the wearer.

Application No. 10/697,225
Preliminary Amendment dated 15 April 2004

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 18 at line 21 of the application as originally filed with the following rewritten paragraph.

An example of wetness sensation members integrated with the barrier leg cuffs is shown in Figure 8a and Figure 8b. The diaper 20 for this embodiment includes barrier leg cuffs 100a and 100b made from impermeable material. The barrier leg cuffs 100a and 100b extend along the longitudinal edges of the diaper 20 in a parallel arrangement disposed on the body-facing surface of the topsheet 24 leaving an exposed center portion 184 of the topsheet 24 therebetween. For the embodiment shown in Figure 8a and Figure 8b, the wetness sensation members 150a and 150b are integrated with the barrier leg cuffs 100a and 100b such that the barrier leg cuff material provides the flow control layer of the wetness sensation members. The permeable layer 110 layers 110a and 110b can extend the length of each of the barrier leg cuffs and preferably extends extend at least the length of the crotch region 37 and the front waist region 36. The permeable layer 110 layers 110a and 110b is are preferably disposed on portions of the euff cuffs closest to the longitudinal axis 42 of the diaper 20 to increase the likelihood of becoming wetted during urination. As shown in Figure 8a and Figure 8b, the barrier leg cuffs 100a and 100b include Z-folded configurations with inner folds 105a and 105b disposed near the longitudinal axis 42 of the diaper 20 leaving a center portion 184 of the topsheet 24 exposed. The Z-folded leg cuffs 100a and 100b also include outer folds 106a and 106b having elastic elements 108 disposed therein. During use, the elastic elements 108 deflect the leg cuffs away from the topsheet 24, toward the skin of the wearer. The visible highlighting 200 is shown in Figure 8a as a pattern of angled lines.